THE LANCET Infectious Diseases

Supplementary webappendix

This webappendix formed part of the original submission. We post it as supplied by the authors.

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Table: Clinical characteristics and laboratory results for mothers and infants

Clinical value	Case 1	Case 2
Onset of symptoms	8+5	8+4
(weeks+days)		
Drug therapy	Abidol, Interferon,	Abidol, Interferon,
	Moxifloxacin, LTT,	Moxifloxacin, TCM
	TCM	
Gestational age at cure	11+2	12+3
(weeks+days)		
Time from onset of	18	27
symptoms to cure (days)		
Maternal total antibody on	886.56	11.51
March 23 (S/CO)*		
Gestational age at	17+2	16+2
amniocentesis		
(weeks+days)		
Time from onset of	60	54
symptoms to		
amniocentesis (days)		
Amniotic fluid RT-PCR test	negative	negative
Amniotic fluid IgM (AU/mL)	0.08	0.13
Amniotic fluid IgG (AU/mL)	1.23	3.38
Maternal IgM on March 26	17.1	4.38
(AU/mL)		
Maternal IgG on March 26	37.87	67.73
(AU/mL)		

LTT=lopinavir and ritonavir tablets. TCM=traditional Chinese medicine. S/CO=signal to cutoff. *Normal is ≤ 1.2 S/CO.

Test information

Quantitative RT-PCR (BioGerm Biotech, Shanghai, China) was used to test for SARS-CoV-2 RNA in throat swabs and amniotic fluid, and maternal sera samples and amniotic fluid were tested for IgG and IgM antibodies with a chemiluminescent immunoassay (YHLO Biotech, Shenzhen, China). The sensitivity and specificity reported by the manufacturer for IgM are 88·2% and 99·0%, respectively, and for IgG are 97·8% and 97·9%, respectively. Results of 10 AU/mL or higher were reactive (positive) and results of less than 10 AU/mL were nonreactive (negative). Maternal sera samples were tested for total antibodies with a Chemiluminescence Microparticle Immuno Assay (Innodx Biotech, Xiamen, China) on March 23. The sensitivity and specificity reported by the manufacturer are 80·29% and 98·06%, respectively. Results of 1·2 S/CO or higher were reactive (positive) and results of less than 1·2 S/CO were nonreactive (negative). All tests were performed by two researchers, with antibody tests done twice. Sample collection, processing, and laboratory testing followed guidance from WHO.